A large group of people, likely the STAR program staff and students, are posing for a group photo in front of the STAR detector. The detector is a large, complex, blue and yellow structure with a central circular opening. The people are standing on various levels of scaffolding and platforms around the detector. The text "STAR Near Future Physics Program" is overlaid in large white letters across the center of the image.

STAR Near Future Physics Program

Nu Xu

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory



Outline

(1) Introduction

(2) Recent Results from STAR

(3) Near Future Physics Program



Physics Goals at RHIC

RHIC

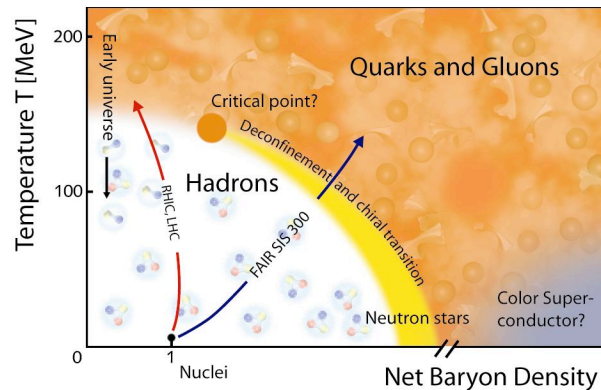
Au+Au, Cu+Cu,
d+Au, p+p
collisions at
200 – 5 GeV

Polarized p+p
collisions at
200 & 500 GeV

p+p, d+Au
pp2pp

- Identify and study the property of matter (EOS) with partonic degrees of freedom.
- Explore the QCD phase diagram.
- Study the origin of spin in p .
- Investigate the physics at small- x , gluon-rich region.

STAR Physics Focus

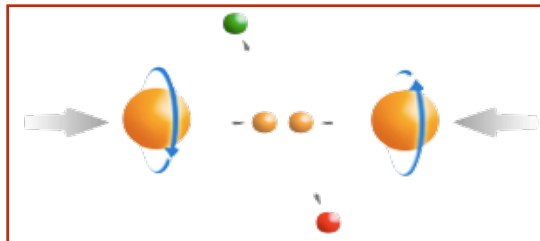


1) At 200 GeV top energy

- Study **medium properties, EoS**
- pQCD in hot and dense medium

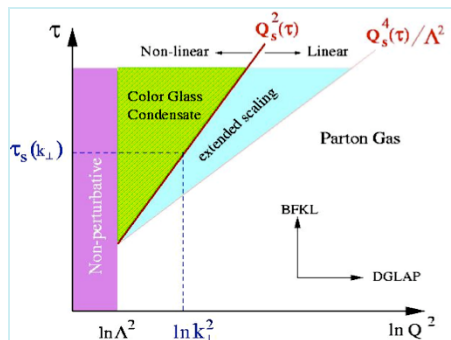
2) RHIC beam energy scan

- Search for **critical point**
- Chiral symmetry restoration



Polarized spin program

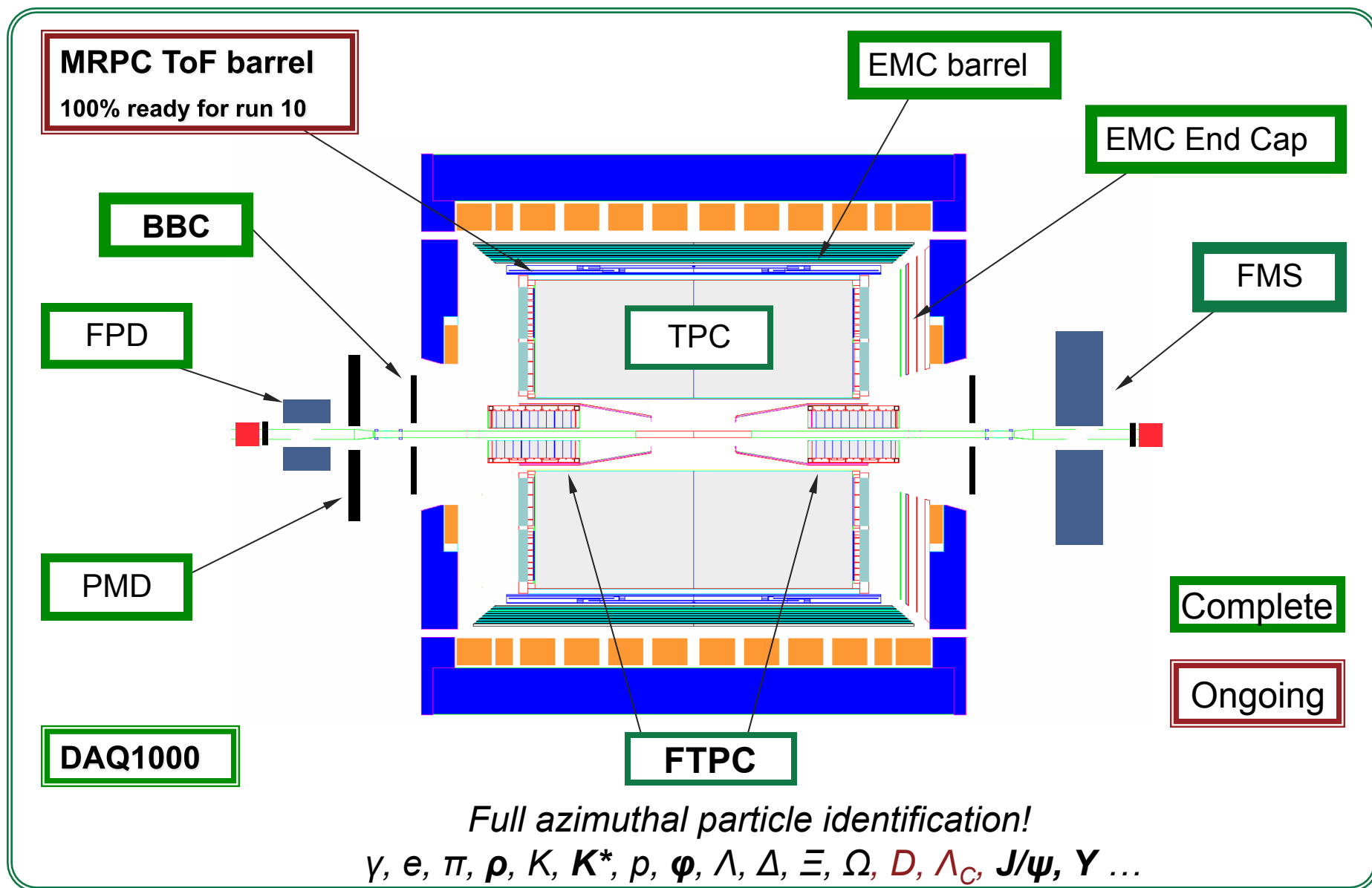
- Study **proton intrinsic properties**



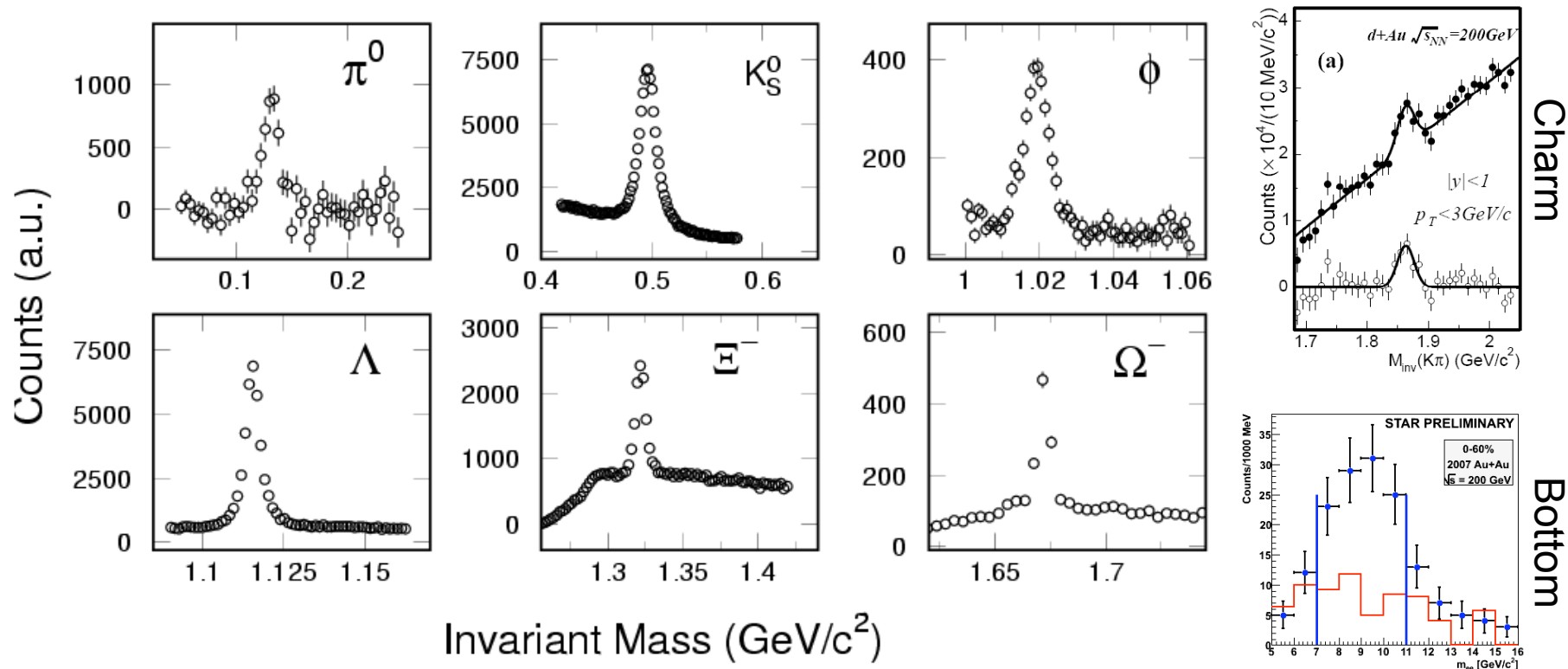
Forward program

- Study low-x properties, search for **CGC**
- Study elastic (inelastic) processes (pp2pp)
- Investigate **gluonic exchanges**

STAR Detector (current)

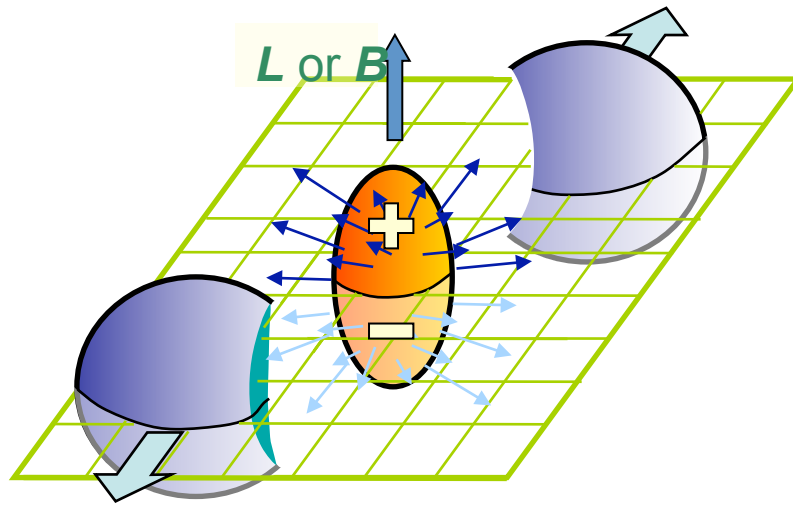


Particle Identification (ii)

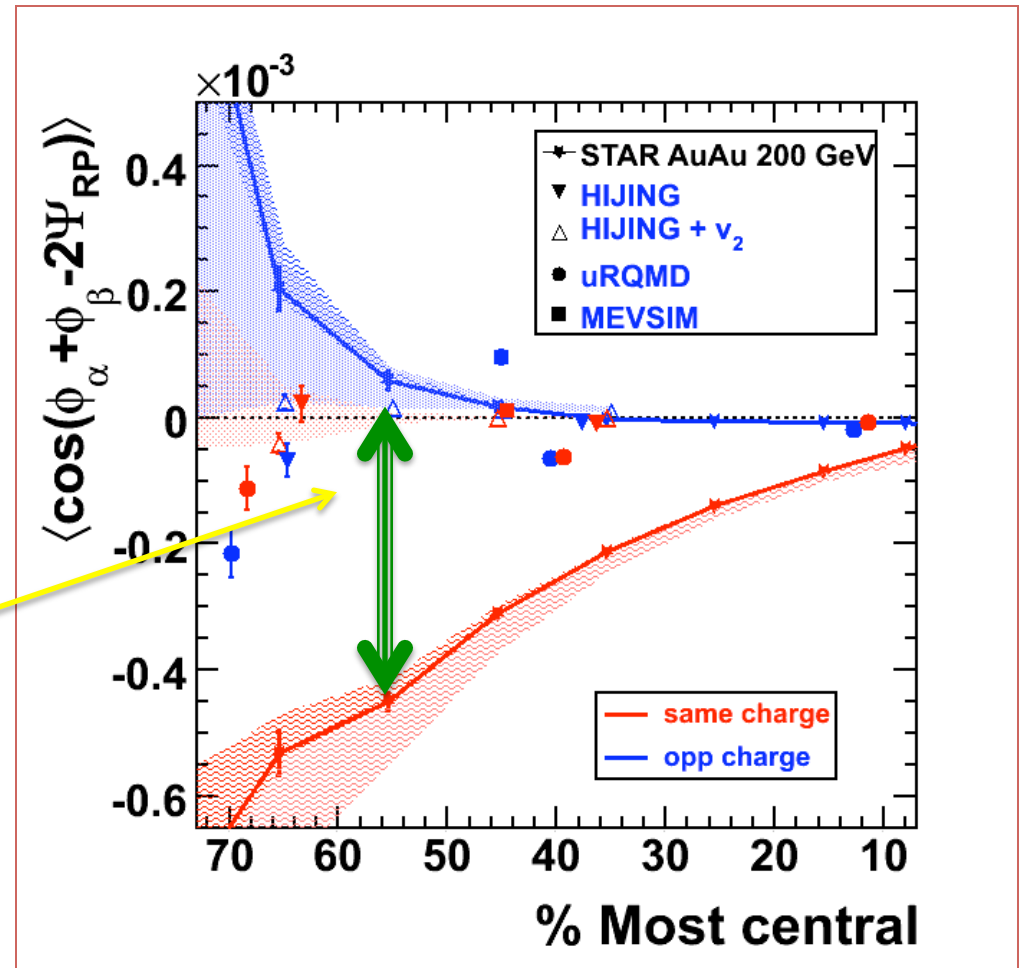


Reconstruct particles in full azimuthal acceptance of STAR!

Search for Parity Violation ...



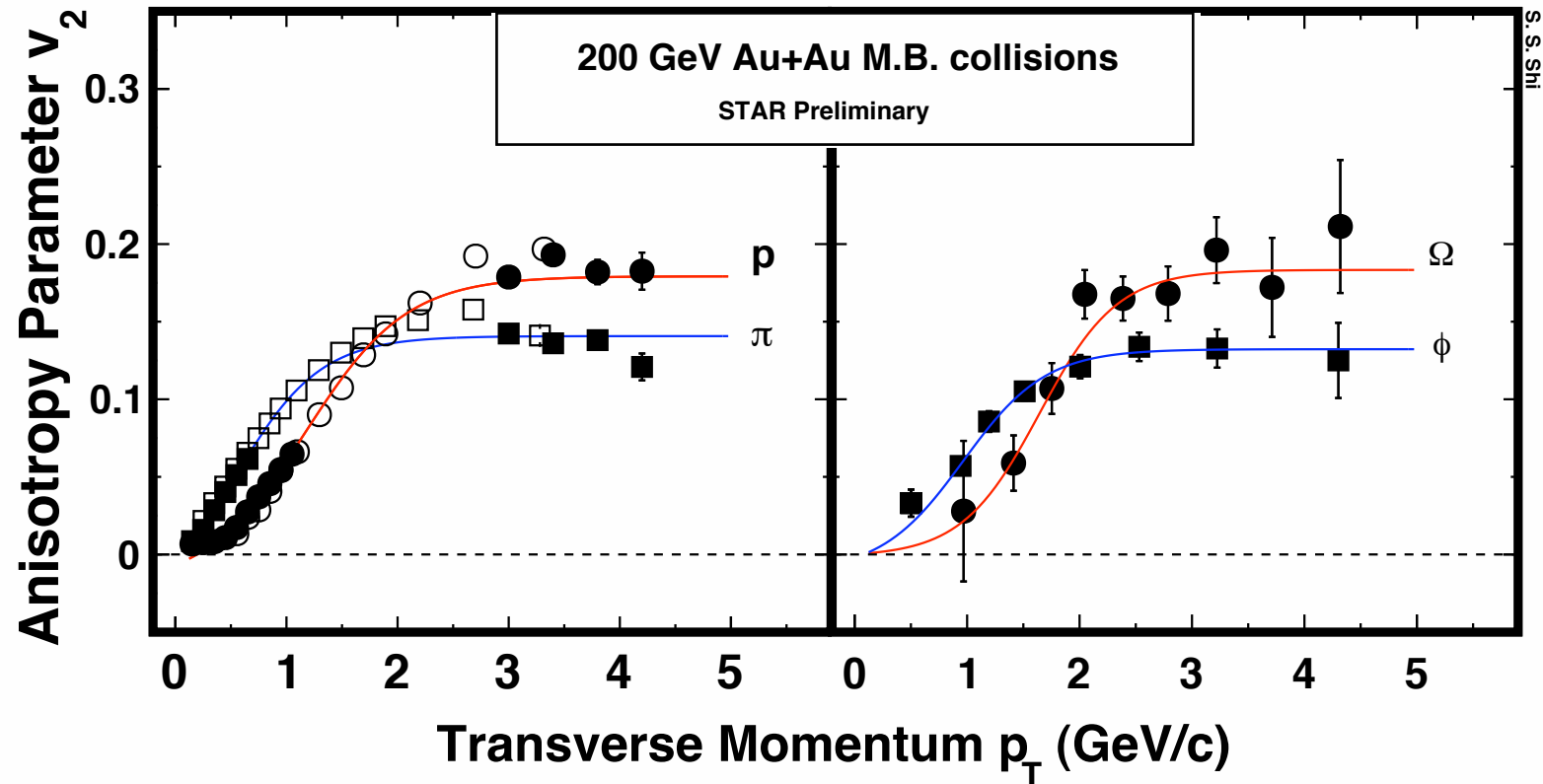
The separation between the same-charge and opposite-charge correlations.



- Strong EM fields
- De-confinement and Chiral symmetry restoration

Sergei Voloshin, QM09

New v_2 Results (Run7)

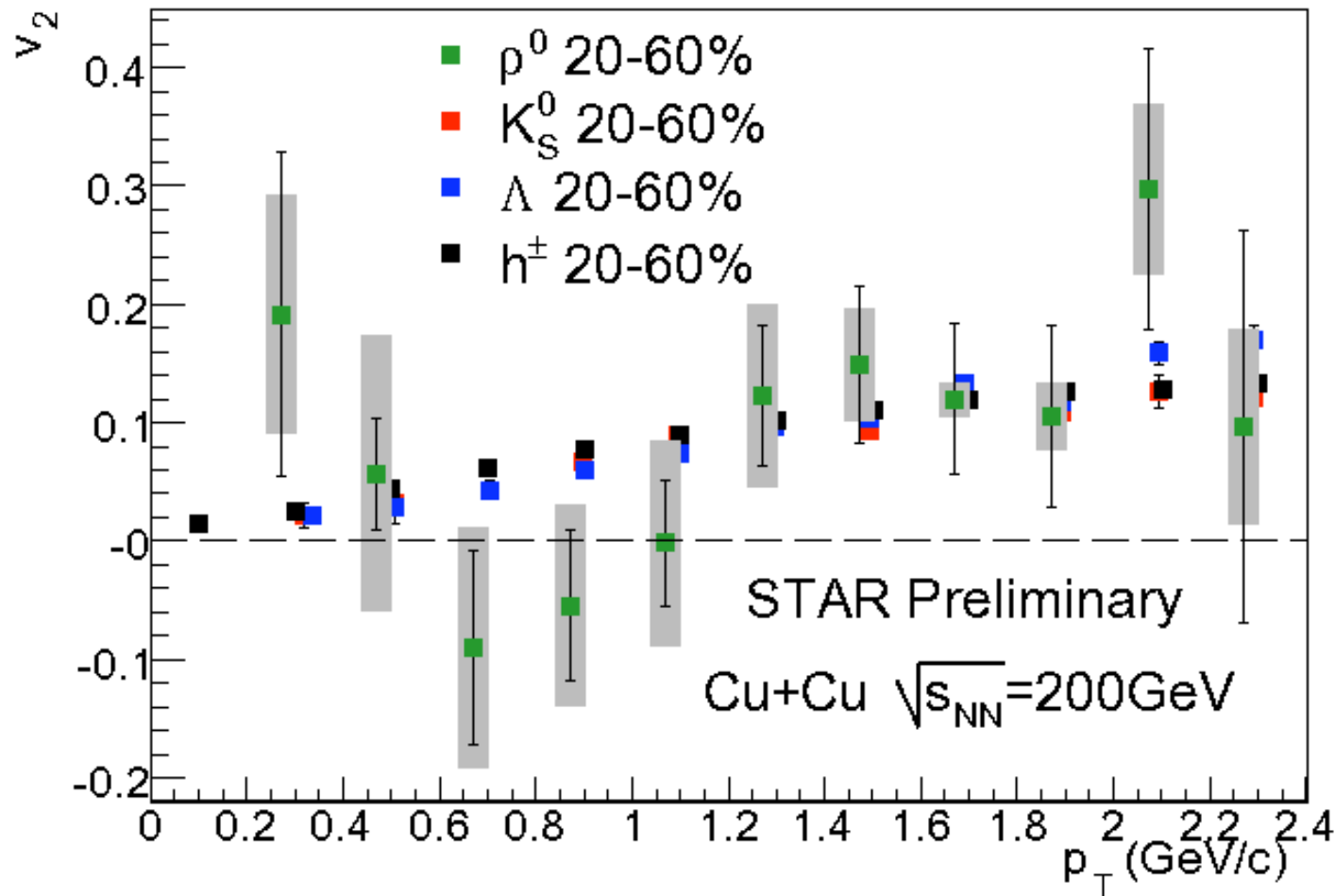


Run7 data, strangeness flow =>

Final word on partonic collectivity at RHIC!

Shusu Shi, QM09

Event Anisotropy for ρ^0 -meson

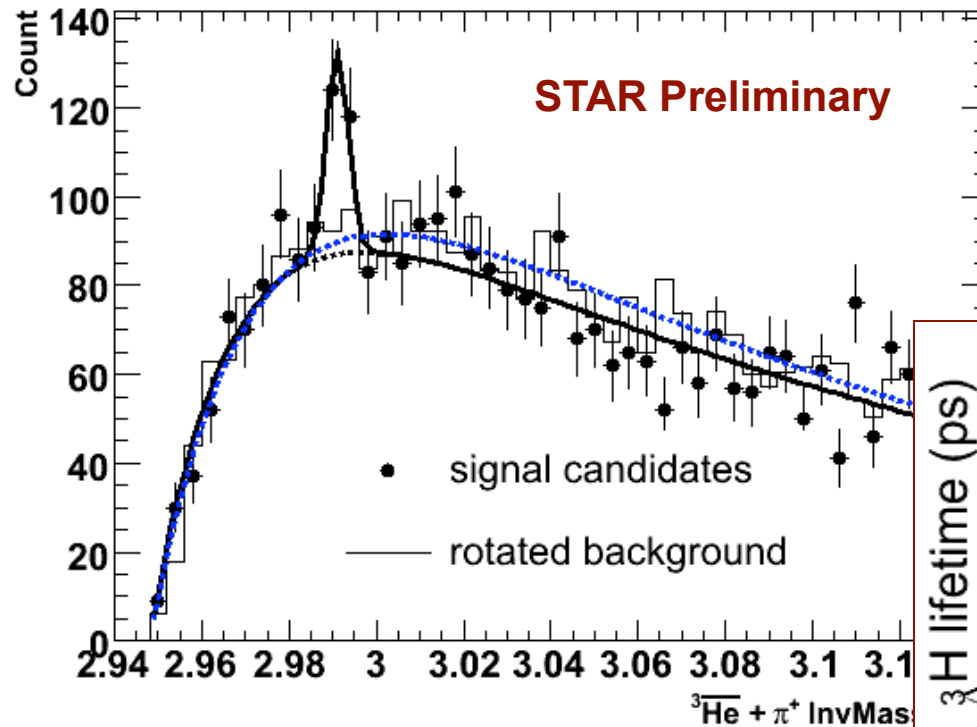


- **First measurement of ρ^0 :** $v_2 \sim 13 \pm 4\%$ ($p_T > 1.2$ GeV/c).
- Physics discussion will depend on future results with ToF.

Particia Fachni, QM09

First Observation of $\bar{\Lambda}^3 \bar{H} \rightarrow {}^3\bar{H}e + \pi^+$

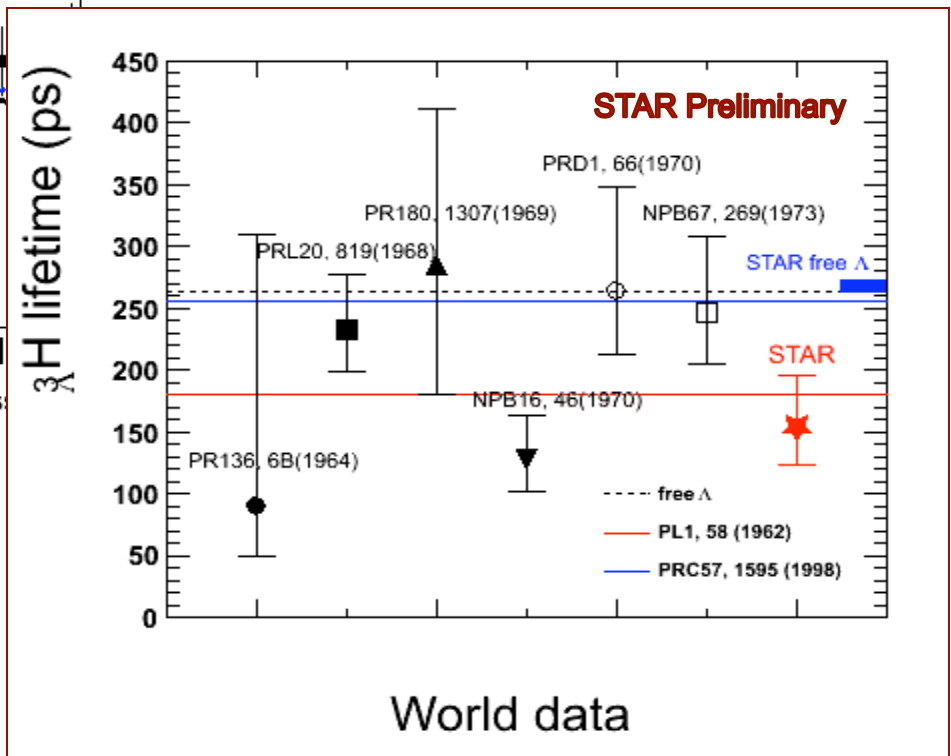
AuAu200_Combined_Anti- $\bar{\Lambda}^3 \bar{H}$ _candidate



200 GeV Au+Au collisions at RHIC

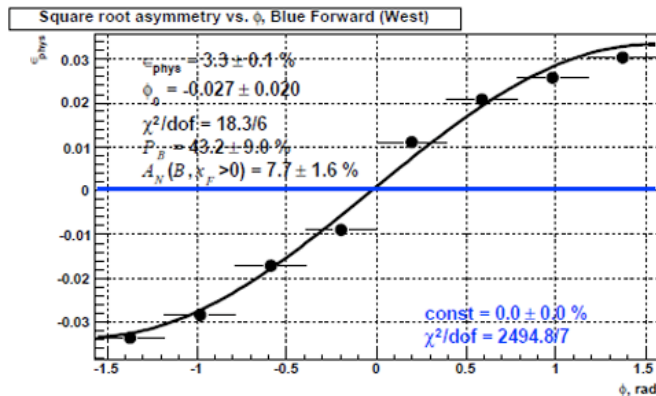
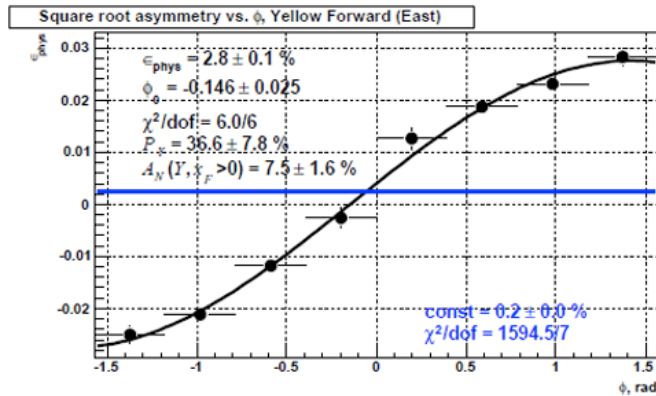
New!
More data with full ToF needed!

Jinhui Chen, QM09



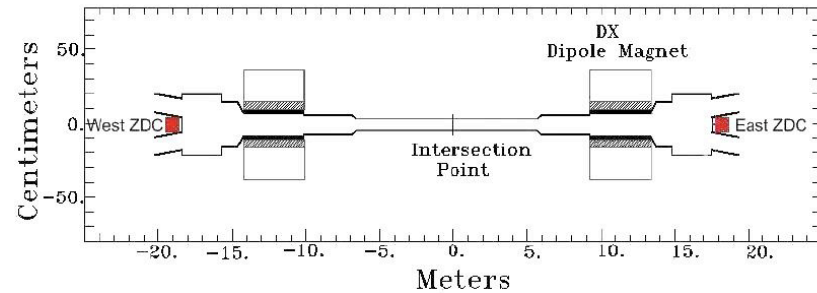
Local Polarity from 500 GeV p+p

Transverse polarization



ZDC Single Spin Asymmetry (fill 10348)

Thu Mar 12 07:19:11 2009



In 500 GeV p+p collisions, ZDC has been used for the polarization measurements.



sQGP and the QCD Phase Diagram

In 200 GeV Au+Au collisions at RHIC, strongly interacting matter formed:

- Jet energy loss: R_{AA}
- Strong collectivity: v_0, v_1, v_2
- Hadronization via coalescence: n_q -scaling

Questions:

Is thermalization reached at RHIC?

- Systematic analysis with dN/dp_T and dv_2/dp_T results...
- Heavy quark measurements

When (at which energy) does this transition happen?

What does the QCD phase diagram look like?

- RHIC Beam Energy Scan

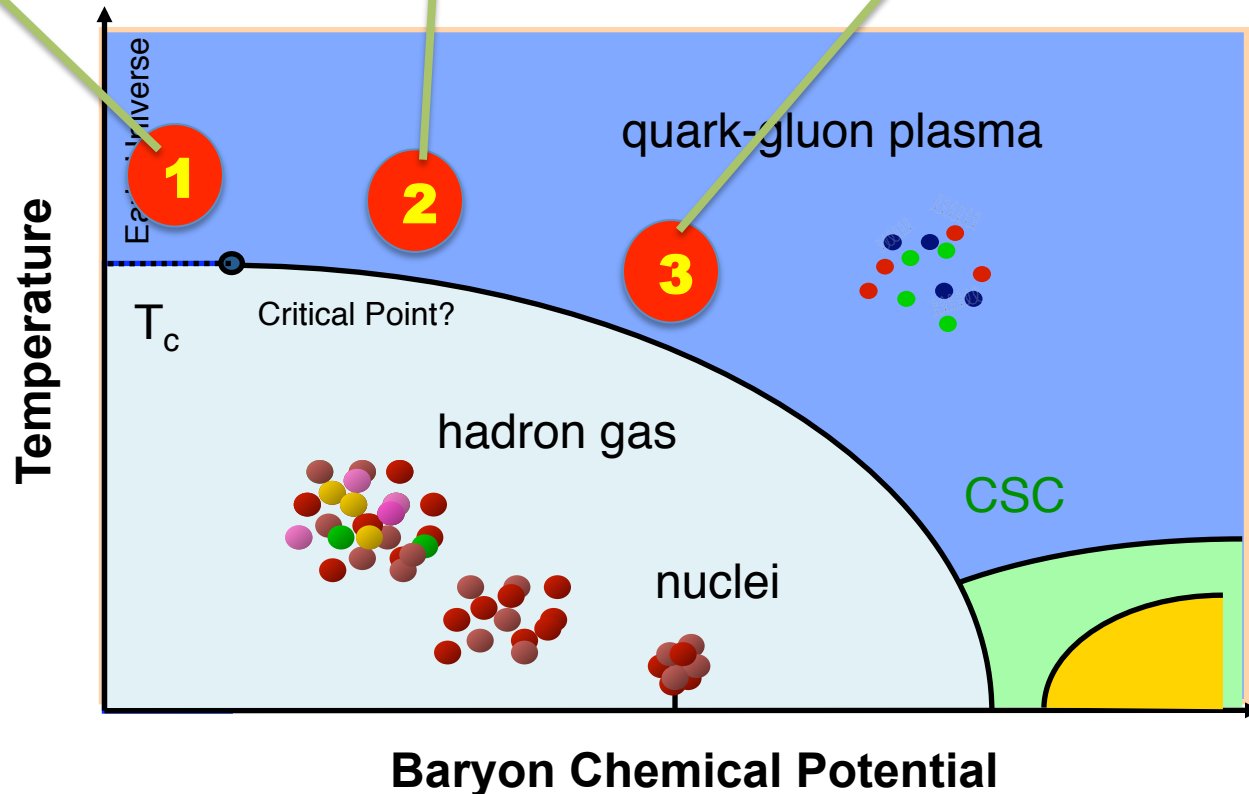
High-Energy Nuclear Collisions

1 Energy Frontier
High-Energy Nuclear Collisions:
LHC, RHIC

2 Density Frontier
High-Energy Nuclear Collisions:
RHIC, FAIR

3 Baryon Density
1st order p.b.
FAIR, NICA, CSR

Explore the QCD landscape, structure of the matter with partonic degrees of freedom.



STAR Mission

STAR collaboration physics program:

- **Best** positioned for Exploring the QCD phase diagram
- **Excellent** for precision measurements
- **Great** potential for new discoveries

Complementary to ALICE at LHC at higher energy

Complementary to CBM at FAIR at lower energy

Physics focuses:

(1) Light quark thermalization:

heavy quark collectivity

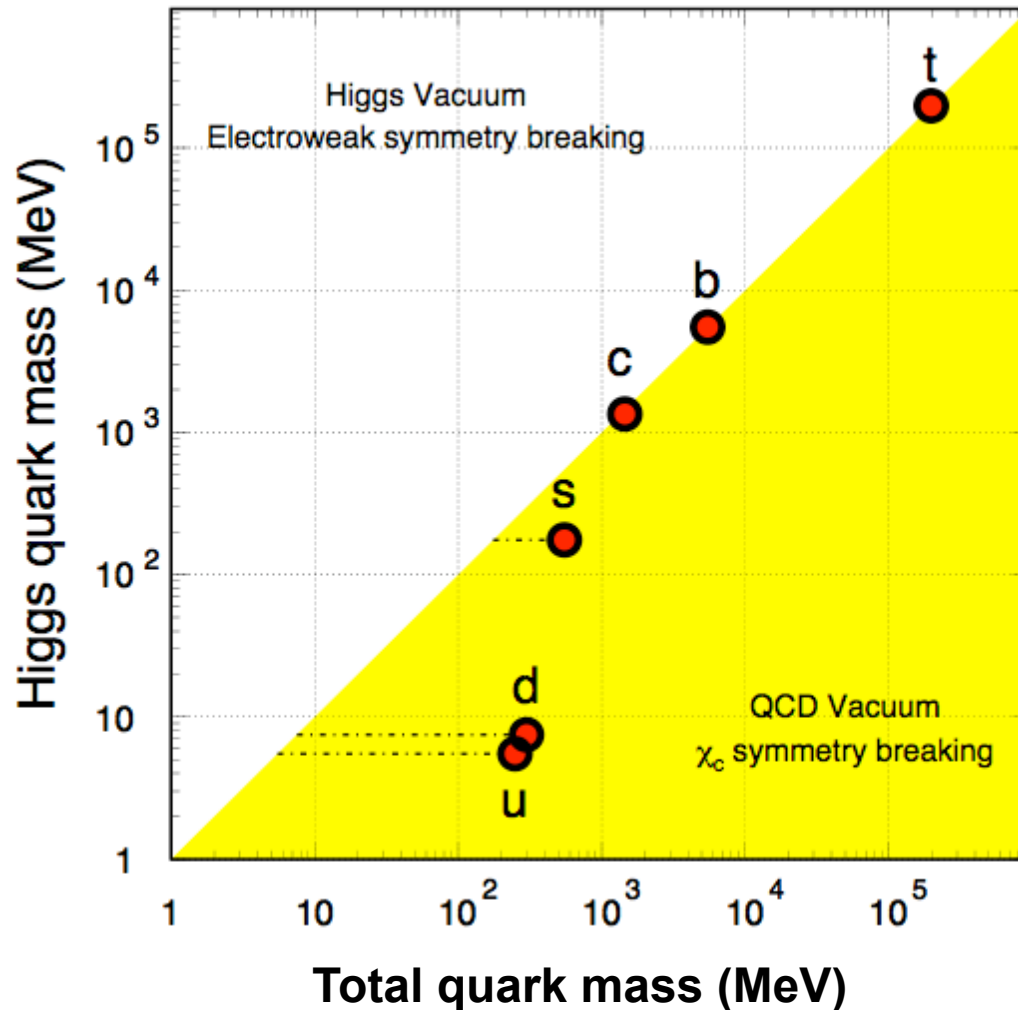
(2) QCD critical point and phase boundary:

n_q scaling in v_2 , net-p Kurtosis

(3) Chiral physics:

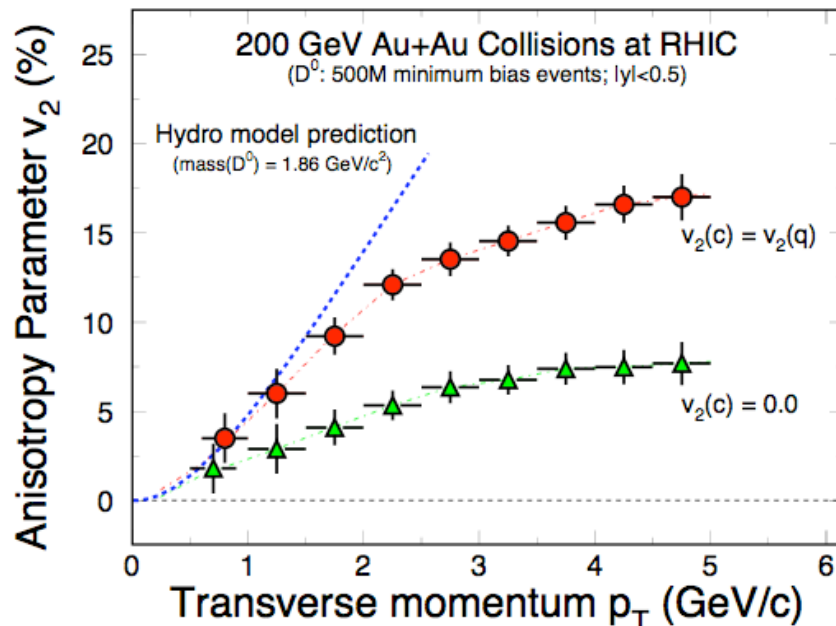
di-electron (*mass, width*), *continuum*, σ , v_2 , R_{AA}

Quark Masses



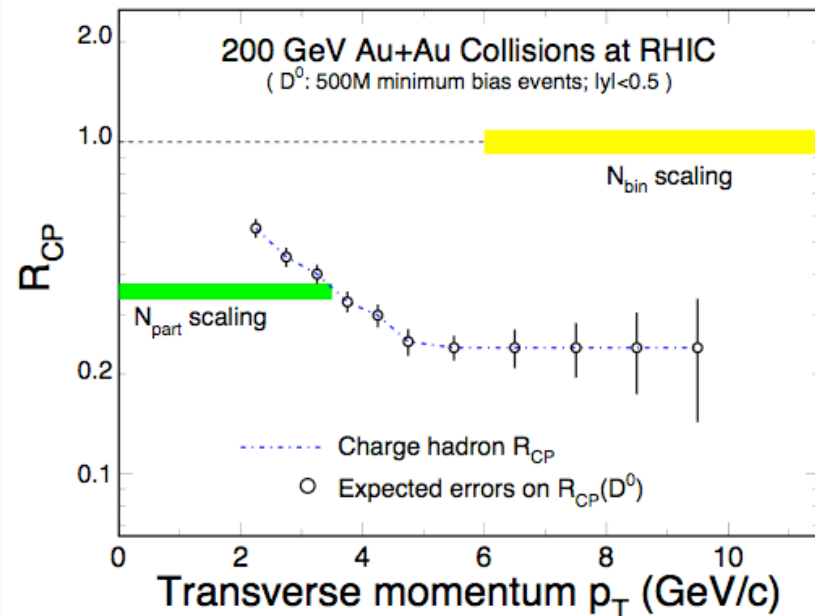
- 1) Higgs mass: electro-weak symmetry breaking. (current quark mass)
 - 2) QCD mass: Chiral symmetry breaking. (constituent quark mass)
- ⇒ New mass scale compared to the excitation of the system.
- ⇒ Important tool for studying properties of the hot/dense medium at RHIC.
- ⇒ Test pQCD predictions at RHIC.

Charm Hadron v_2 and R_{AA}



- 200 GeV Au+Au m.b. collisions (500M events).
- Charm hadron collectivity \Rightarrow drag/diffusion constants \Rightarrow

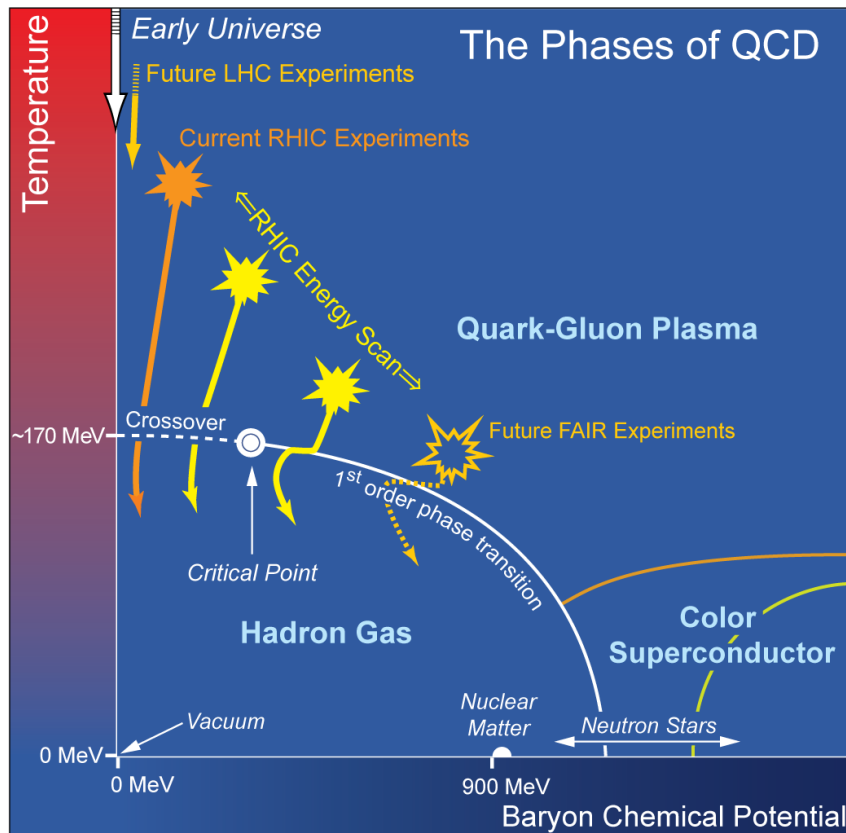
Medium properties!



- 200 GeV Au+Au m.b. collisions ($|y| < 0.5$ 500M events)
- Charm hadron $R_{AA} \Rightarrow$

- Energy loss mechanism!
- QCD in dense medium!

The QCD Phase Diagram



STAR's plan:

run10: RHIC Beam Energy Scan
run11: Heavy Quark measurements

- LGT prediction on the transition temperature, $T_C \sim 170$ MeV.
- LGT calculation, universality, and models point to the existence of the critical point on the QCD phase diagram* at finite baryon chemical potential.
- Experimental evidence for either the critical point or 1st order transition is important for our knowledge of the QCD phase diagram*.

*** Thermalization is assumed**

Stephanov, Rajagopal, and Shuryak, PRL **81**, 4816(98)

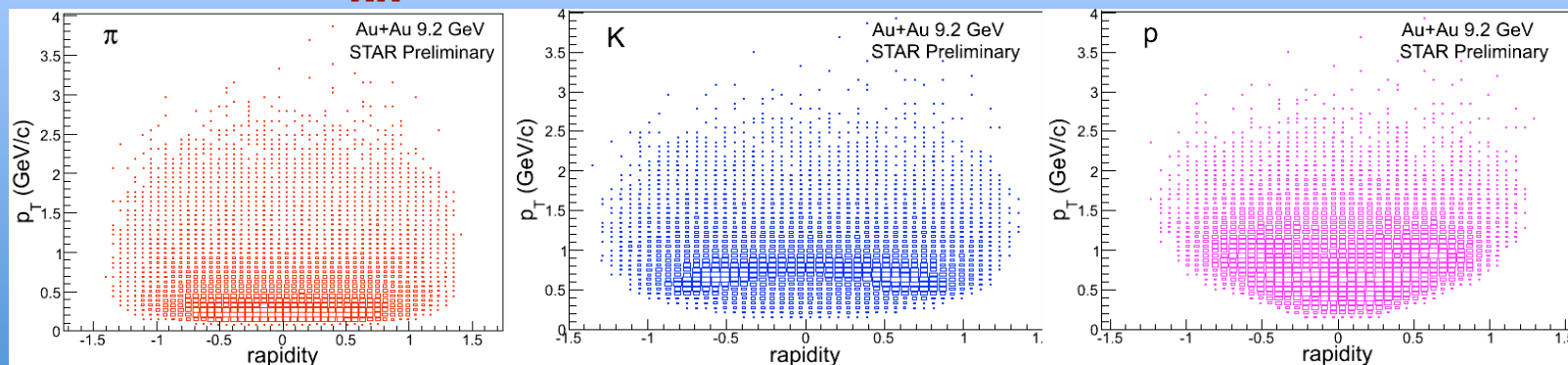
*Rajagopal, PR **D61**, 105017 (00)*

<http://www.er.doe.gov/np/nsac/docs/Nuclear-Science.Low-Res.pdf>

Collider Acceptance

Collider Mode STAR

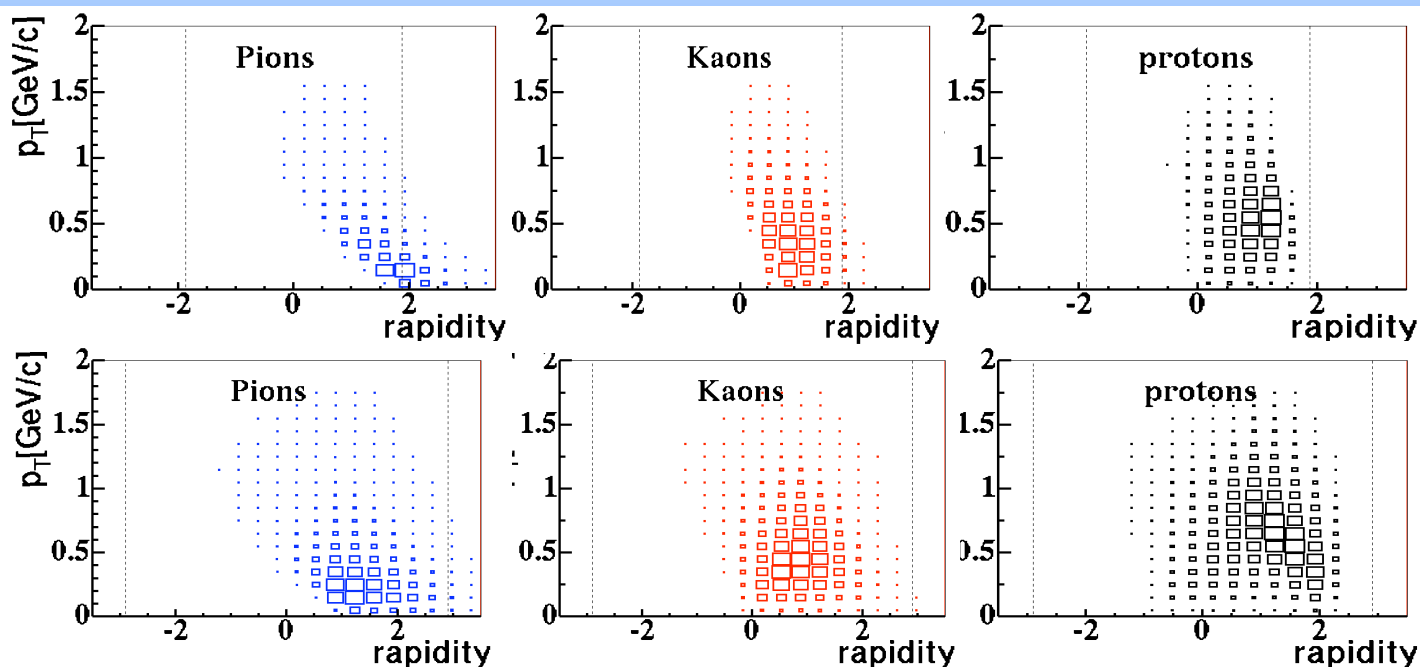
$\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 9.2 \text{ GeV Au+Au Collisions at RHIC}$



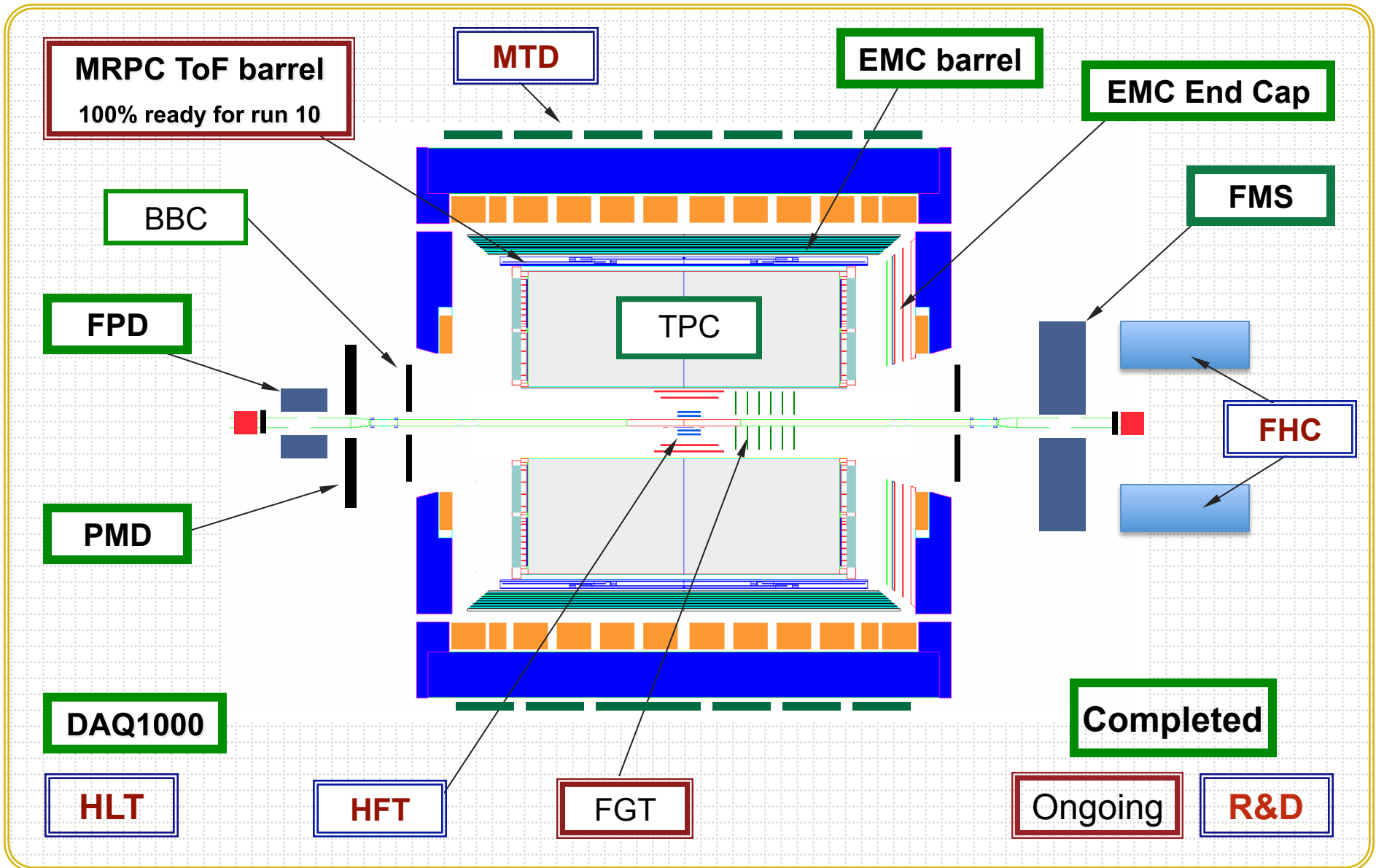
Fix-target Mode NA49

$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$
6 GeV

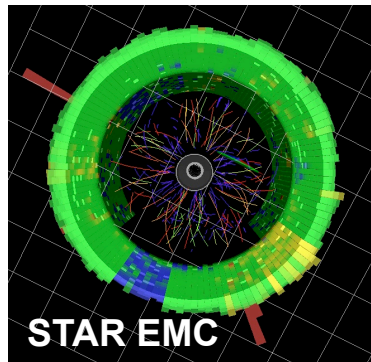
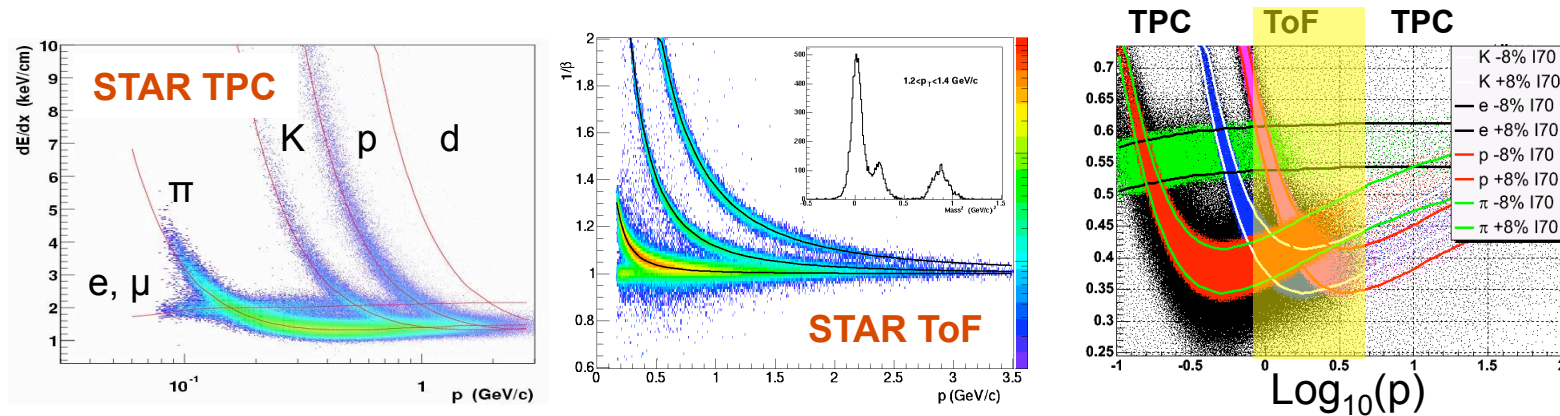
17 GeV



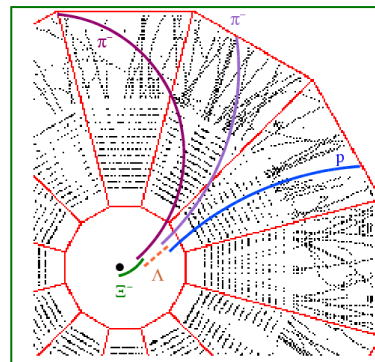
STAR Detector



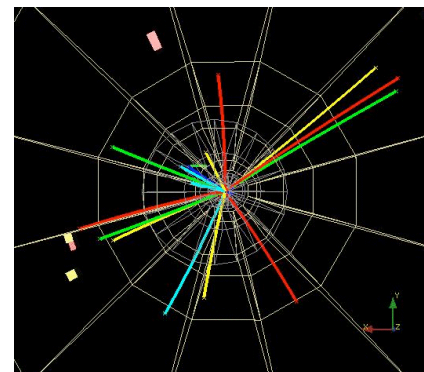
Particle Identification at STAR



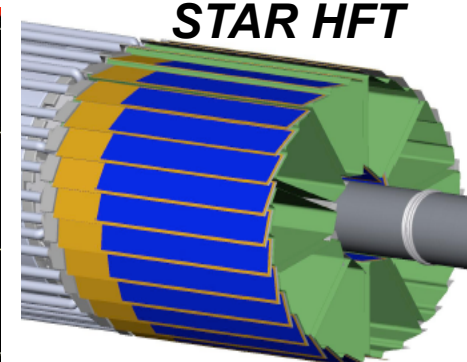
Neutral particles



Strange
hyperons



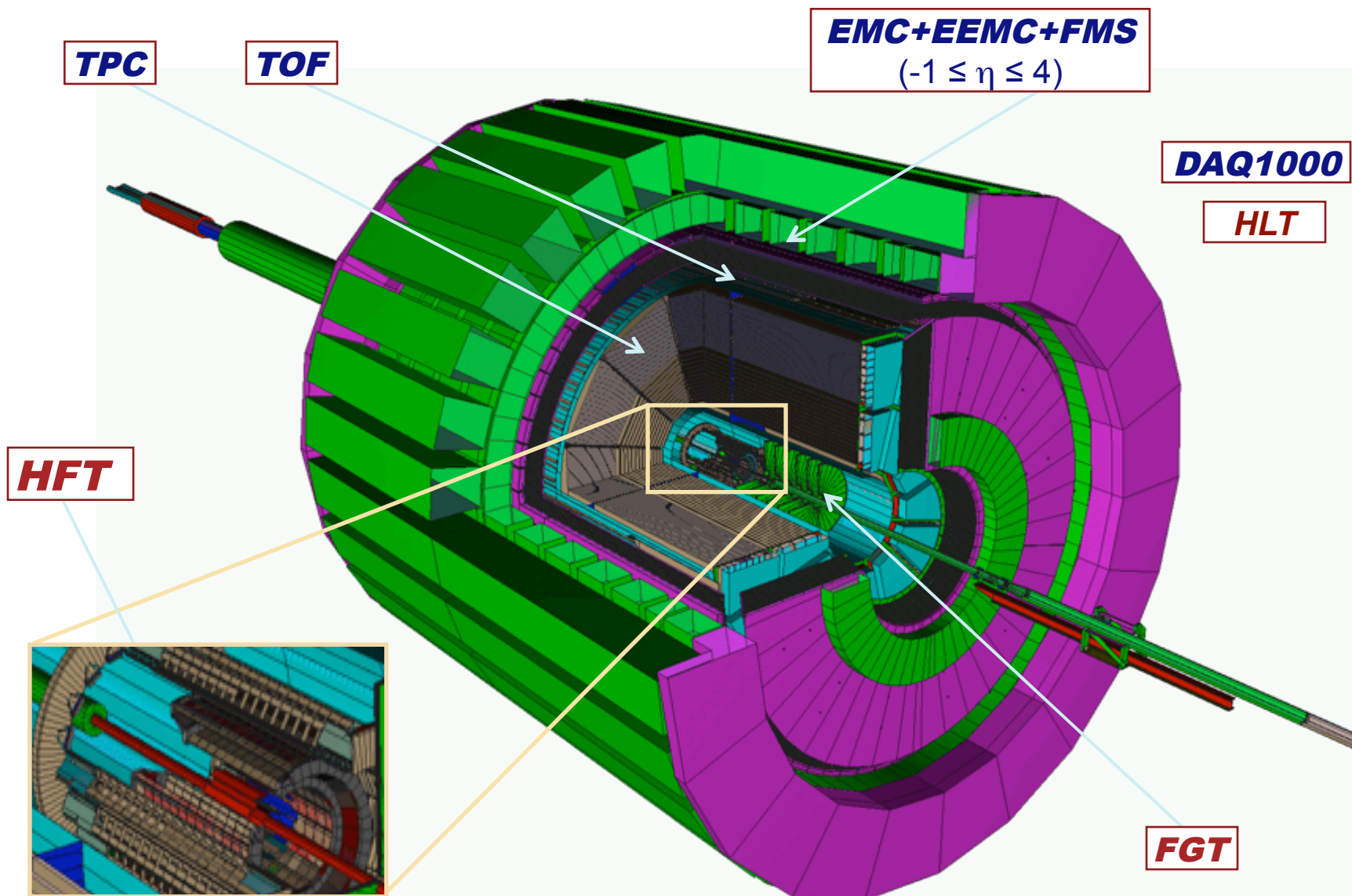
Jets



Heavy Quark
Hadrons

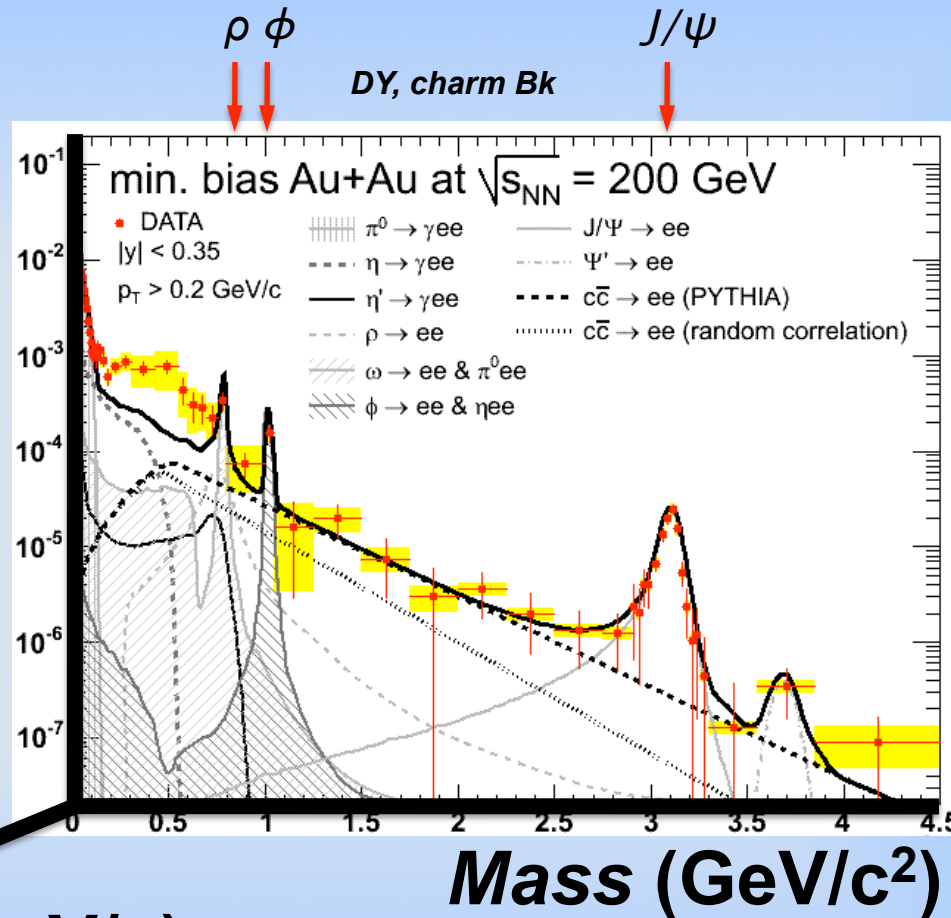
Multiple-fold correlations among the identified particles!

STAR Detectors: *Full 2π particle identification!*



The di-Lepton Program

- (1) σ
- (2) v_2
- (3) R_{AA}



p_T (GeV/c)

✓ Chiral Symmetry Restoration

✓ Direct Radiation from The Hot/Dense Medium

* ToF Crucial for the physics.



STAR Physics Focus (HI)

- 1) Heavy Quark Distributions
 - Heavy flavor collectivity, light flavor thermalization
- 2) Beam Energy Scan
 - QCD critical point and phase boundary
- 3) Di-lepton (electrons)
 - Signature of Chiral transition
- 4) U+U Collisions
 - Test of thermalization

Exciting STAR physics program!